

LEAKAGE CURRENT TESTER

# KEW SNAP Series

**MODEL 2433R** 



## DISTRIBUTOR

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1. SAFETY WARNINGS

This instrument has been designed and tested according to IEC Publication 61010: Safety Requirements for Electronic Measuring Apparatus. This instruction manual contains warnings and safety rules which must be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to retain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these operating instructions before starting using the

#### **⚠ WARNING**

Read through and understand instructions contained in this manual before starting using the instrument. Save and keep the manual handy to enable quick reference

 Be sure to use the instrument only in its intended application and to follow measurement procedures described in the

Be sure to understand and follow all safety instructions

Not following the above instructions may cause injury, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test

The symbol Aindicated on the instrument means that the user must refer to related parts of the manual for safe operation of the ent. Be sure to carefully read the instructions follo

**△DANGER** is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely

serious or fatal Injury.

ACAUTION is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause iniury or Instrument damage

#### **A** DANGER

Never make measurement on a circuit having potential of

● Never triate most of a 300VAC or greater.

● Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may

Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which leads to an explosion.
 The transformer jaws are made of metal and their tips are not completely insulated. Be especially careful about the possible shorting where the equipment under test has exposed metal

●Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is ●Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any

measurement range.

Never open the battery compartment cover when making

#### **AWARNING**

Never attempt to make any measurement if any abnorma ted, such as broken case, cracked test leads

for repair or re-calibration.

Do not try to replace the batteries if the surface of the

Do not try to represent the first trument is wet.
 Always switch off the instrument before opening the battery compartment cover for battery replacement.

#### **A** CAUTION

■Make sure that the range selector switch is set to an appropriate

position before making measurement.

Do not expose the instrument to the direct sun, extreme temperatures or dew fall.

temperatures or dew fall.

Be sure to set the range selector switch to the "OFF" position after use. When the instrument will not be in use for a long period of time, place it in storage after removing the batteries.

Use a damp cloth and detergent for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

#### 2. FEATURES

Digital clamp tester for AC leakage measurement.
 Accurate true-RMS reading of AC current with distorted waveform.
 Least affected by external magnetic field, providing wide measuring range from very small to large currents.
 Designed to safety standard IEC 61010-2-032: over-voltage category CAT. III, 300V and pollution degree 2.
 Tear drop shaped jaws for ease of use in crowded cable areas and other tight loaces.

and other tight places.

Data hold function to allow for easy readings in dimly lit or hard-toreach locations.

Provides filtering function to remove high frequency generated by

such equipment as inverters.

Peak hold function to allow for measurement of current variation

as short as 10msec.
Auto-power-off function prevents unnecessary power consumption
Dynamic range of 4200 counts full scale.
Large easy-to-read LCD display with letter height of 13mm.

peration confirming beeps.
sulation barrier at the tip of transformer jaws for improved safety.

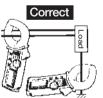
(1)Set the Bange Selector Switch to the desired position. Current

to measure should be within the selected measuring range.

(Shormal measurement (See Fig.1):

Press the jaw trigger to open the transformer jaws and close them over one conductor only. Measured current value is shown on the display. Earth leakage current or small current that flows through a grounded wire can also be measured by this method.

Measuring out of balance leakage current (See Fig. 2): Clamp onto all conductors except a grounded wire. current value is shown on the display.





3-phase 3-wire system In 4-wire system with neutral, clamp onto all 4 wires)



Wrong

Single-phase 2-wire system (in 3-wire system with neutral clamp onto all 3 wires)

Fig. 2 Measuring out of balance leakage curren

#### 6-2 How to Use Frequency Selector Button

When high frequencies from such equipment as inverters are present in the circuit under test, the instrument measures AC current of not only 50Hz or 60Hz of fundamental frequency but also of these high frequencies and harmonics.

To eliminate the effect of such high frequency noise and measure AC current of 50Hz or 60Hz fundamental frequency, a "high-cut" filter circuit in incorporated into the instrument which works when "50/60Hz" frequency response is selected with the Frequency Selector Button, Cut-off frequency of the "high-cut" filter is about 160Hz with attenuation characteristic of approx. -24dB/octave

When the Frequency Selector Button is pressed, "50/60Hz" mark is shown on the left side of the display. When the Frequency Selecto Button is pressed again, fequency response is switched to WIDE with "WIDE" mark shown on the display.

Output characteristic are shown in Fig.3.

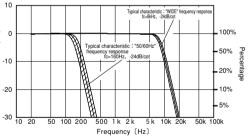


Fig.3 Model 2433R Frequency Characteristic

Characteristic of -24dB/octiave means that signal magnitude declines to about one sixteenth of that at the initial frequency when frequency doubles. Model 2433B have the following two settings for the Frequency Selector Bu

WIDE (20Hz - approx. 8 kHz): Permits measurement of currents of fundamental frequencies as well as currents of high frequencies generated by such equipment as

50/60Hz (20-approx.160Hz) : Filters out high frequency currents

and measures current of fundamental frequency only Recently there has been increased use of power through inverters,

switching regulators, etc. When the high frequency noise from such appliances leaks or flows into the ground through capacitors not filtering completely, the earth leakage breaker may trip even though there is no "actual" leakage. In such a case, the instrument do not give leakage current reading if "50/60Hz" frequency response is

Take current readings with the 50/60Hz and WIDE frequency responses respectively to make effective use of the Frequency Selector Button

#### 6-3 Peak Current Measurement

(1) Set the Range Selector Switch to the desired position. (Current to measure should not exceed the selected measuring range.)
(2)Select "WIDE"or "50/60Hz"with the Frequency Selector Button.

(3) With the transformer laws clamped onto the conductor under test, press the Peak Hold Button to set the interment to the peak measurement mode.("P" is shown on the display.)

#### 3. SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring ranges and accuracy (Sine wave)

Range	Resolution	Measuring Range	Accuracy (Frequency range)		
)mA	0.01mA	0~40.00mA	<b>0~100A</b> ±1.0%rdg±5dgt (50/60Hz) ±2.5%rdg±10dgt (20Hz~1kHz)		
00mA	0.1mA	0~400.0mA	100~300A ±1.0%rdg±5dgt (50/60Hz)		
00A	0.1A	0~400.0A	±2.5%rdg±10dgt (40Hz~1kHz)  300~400A  ±2.0%rdg (50/60Hz)  ±5.0%rdg (40Hz~1kHz)		

• CF(Crest factor) ≦3(45~65Hz, less than 600A Peak)
 ※100~400A: sine wave+2%rdg
 • Counts equal to or less than 3 counts are corrected to zero
 • Accuracy-insured Frequency range of 50/60Hz mode is 50/60Hz.

Conversion method ' Rms value detection Sequential comparison
Lliquid crystal display with maximum reading

Low battery warning: 'BATT" mark appears on the display

"BAT1" mark appears on the display
"OL" appears on the display when upper limit
of measuring range is exceeded
Approx. 2 seconds
Approx. 2.5 times per second
2°C ±5°C, relative humidity 85% or less Response Time:

Sample Rate: Accuracy-insured Temperature and

(without condensation)
-20-60°C, relative humidity 85% or less (without condensation)

Iemperature and (without condensation)
Humidity Ranges:
Operating Temperature 0-40°C, relative humidity 85% or less and Humidity Ranges: (without condensation)
Storage Temperature and Humidity Ranges: (without condensation)
Operable altitude: 2000m or less above sea level (indoor Two 1.5V R03 (AAA) batteries
Current Consumption: Approx. 21 mA
Measurement Time: Approx. 24 hours (without condensation) 2000m or less above sea level (indoor use) Two 1.5V R03 (AAA) batteries

EMC : EN61326

Auto-power-off Function:Turns power off about 10 minutes after the last switch operation Safety Standard: IEC 61010-2-032 over-voltage CAT. II 300V, pollution degree 2

> EN61000-4-2(perfomance criterion B EN61000-4-3(performance criterion A)

•EN61000-4-3(perfomance criterion A) 480AAC max. for 10 seconds 3700VACrms (50/60Hz) for 1 minute between metal part of transformer jaws and housing case (except transformer jaw case) 50MΩ or greater at 1000V between metal part of transformer jaws and housing case (except transformer jaws and housing case (except transformer jaw case) Approx. 40mm in diameter max. 185(L)×81(W)×32(D)mm Conductor Size Approx. 270g including batteries Two R03 (AAA) batteries

Carrying case Model 9052 Optional Accessories: Multi-Tran Model 8004 and 8008

(4) The display reads 1/√2 of the peak current value. Therefore an rms reading is shown when current of a sinusoidal waveform is

(5) After peak measurement, press the Peak Hold Button to return to

the normal measurement mode.

Note: When leakage current is measured in the peak measurement mode, the reading may change if the transformer jaws are opened and closed. Please read the display with the conductor under test clamped, otherwise, after fixing the display by using the data hold function, please remove the instrument from the conductor to be measured, and read the display. To measure the peak current again, please release the data hold, and return the instrument to the normal measurement mode once with the Peak Hold Button, then set it in the peak measurement mode. Counts equal to or less than 5 counts are corrected to zero.

#### 7. OTHER FUNCTIONS

Weight:

#### 7-1 Auto-Power-Off Function

This is a function to prevent the instrument from being left powered on and conserve battery power. The instrument automatically turns off about 10 minutes after the last switch or button operation. To return to the normal mode, turn the Range Selector Switch to OFF then to the desired position.

Disabling Auto-Power-Off Function: To disable the auto-power-off function, power on the instrument with the Data Hold Button pressed. About 3 seconds after powering on the instrument, "P.OFF" is shown on the display. To enable the auto-power-off function, turn on the instrument without pressing the

Data Hold Button. Note: The auto-power-off function is disabled in the peak

#### 7-2 Date Hold Function

This is a function to freeze the readings on the display. When the Data Hold Button is pressed once, the current reading is held even though current under test varies. "H" mark is shown on the upper

To exit the data hold mode, press the Data Hold Button again Note: When the auto-power-off function works while the instrument is in the data hold mode, data hold is cancelled.

#### Reference

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\*Effective Value (RMS)
Most alternating currents and voltages are expressed in effective values, which are also referred to as RMS (Root-Mean-Square) values. The effective value is the square root of the average of square of alternating current or voltage values. Many clamp meters using a conventional rectifying circuit have "RMS" scales for AC measurement. The scales are, however, actually calibrated in terms of the effective value of a sine wave though the clamp meter is responding to the average value. The calibration is done with a conversion factor of 1.111 for sine wave, which is found by dividing the effective value by the average value. These instruments are therefore in error if the input voltage or current has some other shape than sine wave.

\*CF (Crest Factor) is found by dividing the peak value by the effective

Examples Sine wave: CF=1.414 Square wave with a 1: 9 duty ratio: CF=3

#### 4. INSTRUMENT LAYOUT



#### 5. PREPARATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT

#### 5-1 Checking Battery Voltage

Set the Range Selector Switch to any position other than the OFF position. If the marks on the display is clearly visible without "BATT" mark showing, battery voltage is OK. If the display blanks or "BATT" is indicated, replace the batteries according to section 8: Battery

#### 8. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

## **∆** WARNING

n order to avoid possible shock hazard, always set the Range Selector Switch to the OFF position before trying to replace the

#### **A** CAUTION

Do not mix new and old batteries. Install batteries in the orientation as shown inside the battery compartment, observing correct polarity.

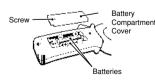
When the battery voltage warning mark "BATT" is shown on the top left corner of the LCD, replace the batteries. Note that the display blanks and "BATT" mark is not shown if the batteries are completely exhausted.

(1)Set the Range Selector Switch to "OFF."

(2)Loosen the battery-compartment-cover-fixing screw on the lower

back of the instrument. (3)Replace the batteries with two new R03 (AAA) 1.5V

(4)Put the battery compartment cover back in place and tighten the screw. Note: For use for a long period of time, use alkaline batteries



When the instrument is left powered on, the auto-power-off function automatically shut the power off; The display blanks even if the Range Selector Switch is set to a position other than the OFF position in this state. To power on the instrument, turn the Range Selector Switch or press the Data Hold Button. If the display still blanks, the batteries are completely exhausted. Replace the batteries.

#### 5-2 Checking Switch Setting

Make sure that the Range Selector Switch is set to the appropriate

range. Also make sure that data hold function is not enabled. If inappropriate range is selected, desired measurement cannot be

#### 6. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

## 6-1 Current Measurement

#### **⚠** DANGER

In order to avoid possible shock hazard, never make measurement on circuits having a potential of 300VAC or greater.
The transformer jaws are made of metal and their tips are not completely insulated. Be especially careful about the possible shorting where the equipment under test has exposed metal parts.

Never make measurement with the battery compartment cover

removed.

When measuring current is 300A or more (400Hz or more), be sure to stop measurement within 5 minutes. Otherwise, transformer jaws may heat to cause a fire or deformation of molded parts, which will degrade

#### **∆**CAUTION

⚠CAUTION

Take sufficient care to not to apply shock, vibration or excessive force to the jaw tips. Otherwise, precisely adjusted Transformer Jaw tips will be damaged.

When a foreign substance is stuck in the jaw tips or they cannot properly engage, the transformer jaws do not fully close. In such a case, do not release the jaw trigger abruptly or attempt to close the transformer jaws by applying external force. Make sure that the jaws close by themselves after removing the foreign substance or making them free to move.

The maximum size of a conductor to be tested is 40mm in diameter. Accurate measurement cannot be made on a conductor larger than this, because the transformer jaws cannot fully close.

When measuring large current, the transformer jaws may buzz. This has no effect on the instrument's performance or safety.

Sensitive transformer jaws are used for Leakage clamp meter. Because of the characteristics of transformer jaws, which can be opened and closed, it is impossible to eliminate the interference of external magnetic field completely. If there are something, which generating large magnetic field, at a nearby site, current value can be displayed ("0" cannot be displayed.) before clamping on the conductor. For such a case, please use the instrument at a location far from the thing, which generating magnetic field.

• Conductor fed large current

• Motor

• Equipment which has magnet

Equipment which has magnet

#### 9 OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

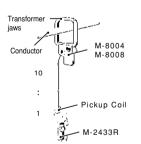
Model 8004 and 8008 (Multi-Tran

These models help Model 2433R to measure current greater than 3000A or to make measurement on a large bus-bar or conductor (1)Set the Range Selector Switch to "400A."

(2) As shown, open the jaws and close them over the pickup coil

of Model 8004 or Model 8008.

(3)Clamp on a conductor with Model 8004 or Model 8008. (4) Take the reading and multiply it by 10.



	Max. Conductor Size	Measuring	Current Transformation
	Max. Conductor Size	Range	Ratio
M-8004	60mm in diameter	0~1000A	10:1
M ONNO	100mm in diameter	0~.2000	10.1

Note: Model 8004 and Model 8008 cannot be used for leakage current measurement. For detailed specifications, refer to the instruction manual for Model 8004 or Model 8008.

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